

SPD

Surge Protective Device

Overvoltage

Electricity is an essential part of modern human production and life. But power facilities are threatened by internal and external overvoltages. Power system overvoltage mainly includes:

Transient overvoltage of atmospheric origin: Lightning strikes instantly generate high energy, generating surge currents up to hundreds of kA, and lightning wave can invade along power lines, causing damage to power facilities and electrical equipment

Transient overvoltage due to switching: Switching operations of a power utility may cause overvoltage.

Temporary overvoltage: A long duration (second level) temporary overvoltage (asymmetric ground fault) or harmonious overvoltage.

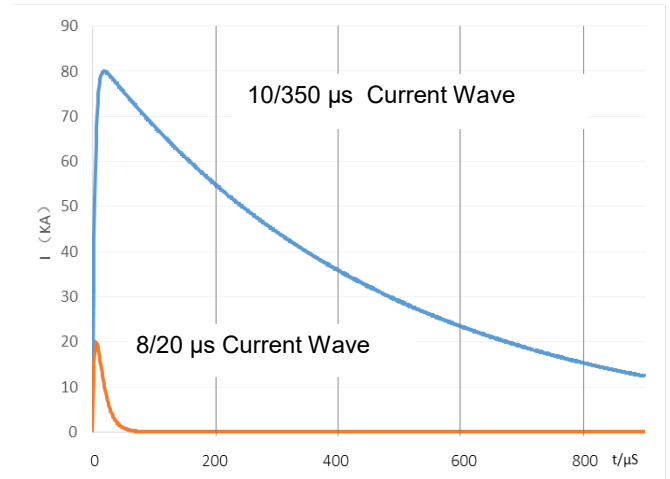
Surge Voltage Caused by Lightning

Electrical and electronic system are subject to damage from a lightning electromagnetic impulse (LEMP). Therefore SPD need to be provided avoid failure of internal system. LEMP may caused by direct, near and far lightning strikes. According to the relevant research, lightning strikes within a certain distance may cause dangerous overvoltage on the cable, endangering the equipment connected to it.

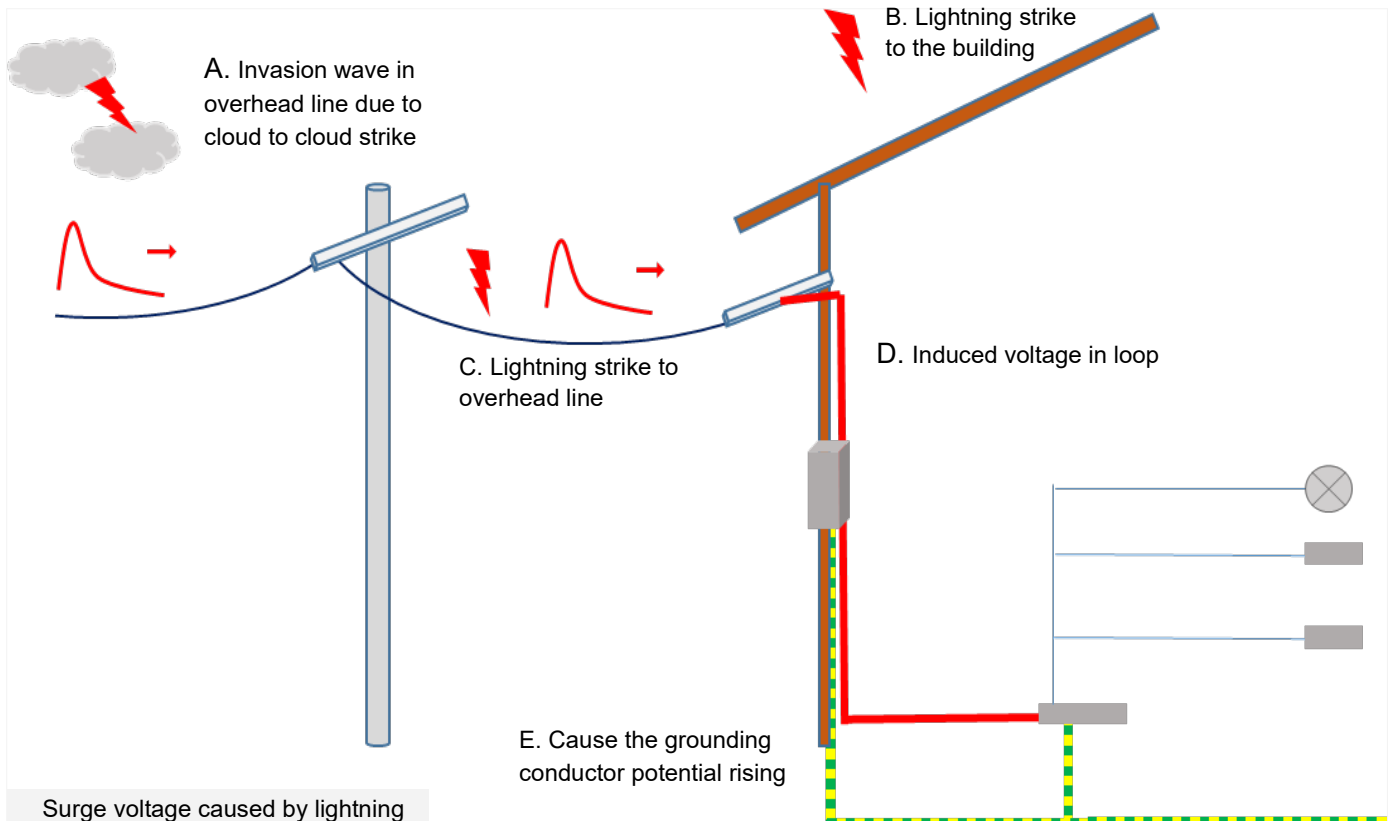
Damage Due to Lighting

The lighting can cause three basic type of damage:

- D1: injury to living beings by electric shock;
- D2: physical damage (fire, explosion, mechanical destruction, chemical release) due to lighting current effects, including sparking;
- D3: failure of internal systems due to LEMP



Standard lightning test wave

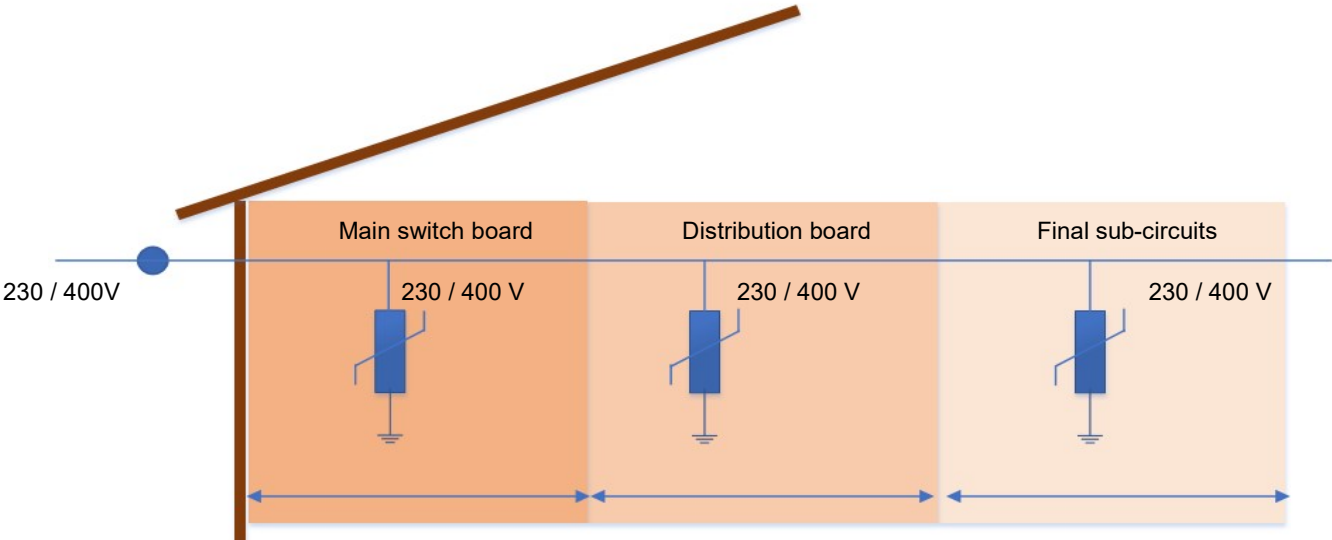
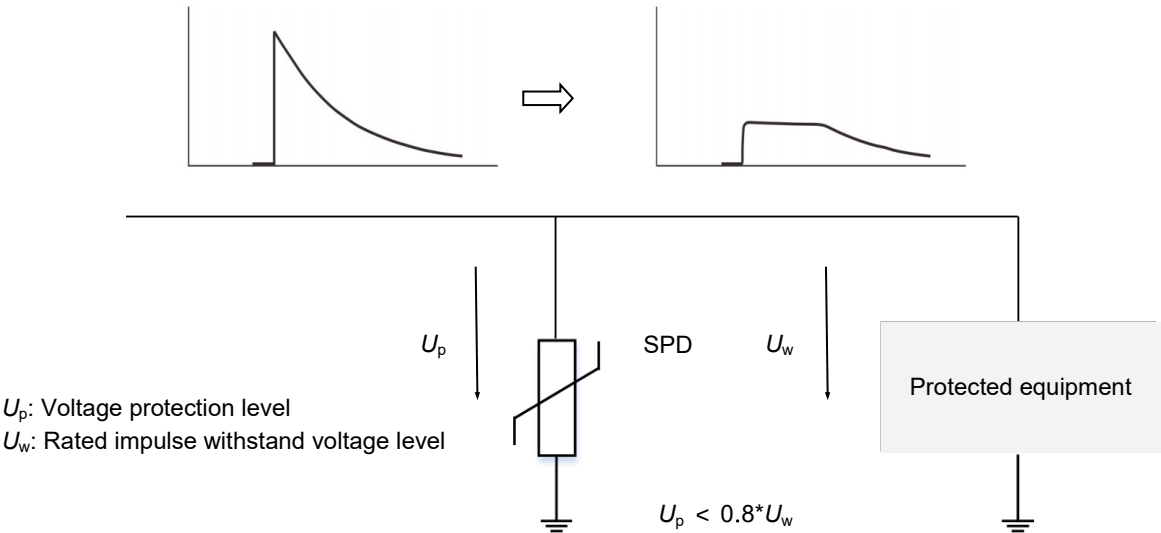


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Impulse Withstand Voltage and Surge Protection

As the primary equipment of internal lightning-proof, SPD needs to be able to withstand surge stress and provides the level of voltage protection required for the equipment. This involves the selection and coordination of SPD in different locations to form a complete protection system.



Overvoltage Category	IV	III	II	I
U_w (kV) Impulse Withstand Voltage	6	4	2.5	1.5
Lightning Protection Zone LPZ	LPZ1	LPZ2	LPZn	
SPD Type	Class I or Class II		Class II	Class II or Class III

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Din-rail Surge Protective Device



Description

Surge protective devices (SPDs) are designed to meet requirements for UL 1449 and IEC/EN 61643-11. They are DIN-rail mountable featuring a fail-safe protection, visual indicator and remote signal contact. It has a good environmental adaptability and meets the requirements of high reliability in important field.

Features

- With Remote Signal Contact and Failure Indication
- Pluggable Module for Easy Replacement
- Comply with UL 1449 / IEC 61643-11
- Internal Thermal Protection, Fail-safe

Applications

- AC / DC Power Supplies
- New Energy
- Residential Building
- Telecommunications
- Internet Data Center (IDC)
- Industrial Control

SPD

Surge Protective Device

Glossary

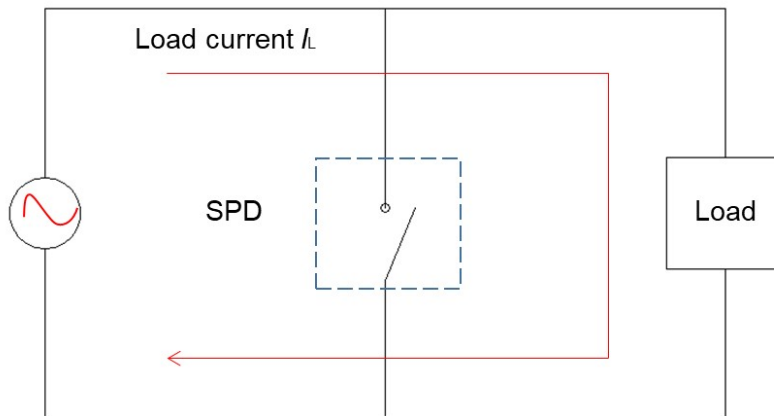
Item	Description
U_p	Voltage Protection Level Maximum voltage to be expected at the SPD terminals due to an impulse stress with defined voltage steepness and an impulse stress with a discharge current with given amplitude and wave shape. — (IEC 61643-11)
8/20 μ s	8/20 Current Impulse Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 8 μ s and a nominal time to half-value of 20 μ s. — (IEC 61643-11)
1.2/50 μ s	1.2/50 Voltage Impulse Voltage impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 1.2 μ s and a nominal time to half-value of 50 μ s. — (IEC 61643-11)
U_c	Maximum Continuous Operating Voltage Maximum r.m.s. voltage, which may be continuously applied to the SPD's mode of protection. — (IEC 61643-11)
I_n	Nominal Discharge Current Crest value of the current through the SPD having a current waveshape of 8/20 μ s. — (IEC 61643-11)
I_{imp}	Impulse Discharge Current for Class I Test Crest value of a discharge current through the SPD with specified charge transfer Q and specified energy W/R in the specified time. — (IEC 61643-11)
I_{max}	Maximum Discharge Current Crest value of a current through the SPD having an 8/20 μ s waveshape and magnitude according to the manufacturers specification. I_{max} is equal to or greater than I_n . — (IEC 61643-11)
Modes of Protection	Modes of Protection An intended current path, between terminals that contains protective components, e.g. line-to-line, line-to-earth, line-to-neutral, neutral-to-earth. — (IEC 61643-11)
IP	Degrees of Protection of enclosure Classification preceded by the symbol IP indicating the extent of protection provided by an enclosure against access to hazardous parts, against ingress of solid foreign objects and possibly harmful ingress of water. — (IEC 61643-11)
TCO	Thermal-Link A non-resettable device incorporating a THERMAL ELEMENT which will open a circuit once only when exposed for a sufficient length of time to a temperature in excess of that for which it has been designed.
ATCO	Alloy Thermal-Link Alloy Type Thermal-Link, Alloy is the thermal element.

SPD

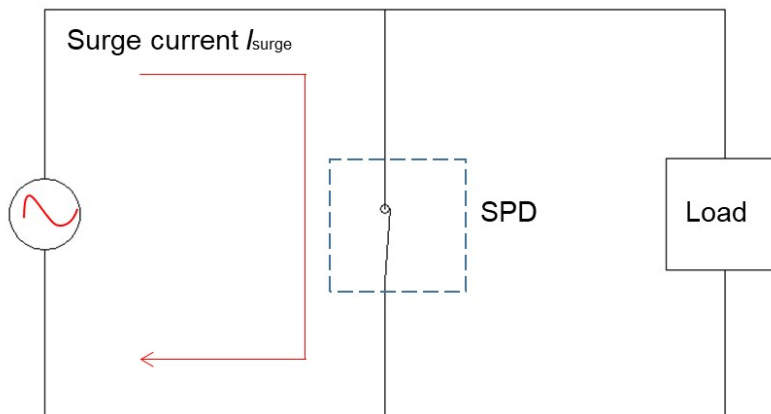
Surge Protective Device

Operation Principle

SPD is equivalent to open circuit when the circuit without surge (Impedance > 100 MΩ).



When a surge invades the circuit, the SPD circuit mutates to a low impedance, releasing the surge current into the ground.



SPD

Surge Protective Device

Part Numbering System

SD 25 T 100 L 2 11 PV -xxx

Other Options

Modes of Protection

Default: For AC systems
PV: For PV/DC systems

Wire Connection

00: One protection mode, for L-line
01: Split-phase system, 2W+G
02: Split-phase system, 3W+G
03: 2W+G One-phase or DC system, 2W+G
04: Three-phase system TT/TN (3+1)
05: Three-phase system (4+0) or Single-phase system (2+0)
06: Three-phase system IT (3+0)
11: U shape construction for PV/DC system
12: Y shape construction for PV/DC system
16: Three-phase system TT/TN (3+1), N-PE has GDT without trip

Characteristic code

1: One pole
2: Two poles
3: Three poles
4: Four poles

Circuit Characteristic

A: With GDT
L: 2+0,3+0,4+0 without GDT
F: 3+1, N-PE has GDT without trip

Nominal System Voltage

150 V, 230 V, 270 V, 320 V

Design Sequence

T R H S C

Nominal Discharge Current

20: 20 kA
25: 25 kA
30: 30 kA

Product Category

Agency Information

Agency Information		Standards	NO.	Category
	UL	UL 1449	E322662	VZCA2
	CUL	CSA C22.2 NO.269, CSA ECN 516	E322662	VZCA8
	TUV	IEC/EN 61643-11, IEC/EN 61643-31	See different models for details	
	CE	IEC/EN 61643-11, IEC/EN 61643-31	See different models for details	
	CQC	GB/T 18802.1-2011	See different models for details	

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**ATTENTION****Usage**

1. The voltage applied continuously to the SPD must not exceed its maximum continuous operating voltage U_c .
2. When atmosphere press is from 45 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from 5000 m to - 500 m.
3. Do not touch the product body or wires directly when power is on, to avoid electric shock.

Replacement

As SPD is a non-repairable product, for safety sake, please use the same type of SPD for replacement.

Storage

Do not store SPD at high temperature, high humidity or corrosive gas environment, to avoid oxidation of the wires. Use them up within 2 years after receiving the goods.

Installation

1. Installation and startup may only be carried out by qualified personnel. The relevant country-specific regulations must be observed.
2. Check the device for external damage before installation. If the device is defective, it must not be used.
3. Pay attention to risk of electric shock. Please cutoff all electrical power before installation or service.
4. Lay the output cables to the surge protective devices (SPDs) as short as possible, without loops.
5. Please install proper backup protection devices in front of SPD.
6. Do not apply mechanical stress to the SPD body during or after the installation.

Maintenance

1. Check SPD status according to instructions before and after the thunderstorm season each year.
2. If the indicator of "failure state" appears, the SPD is damaged. Replace the SPD with same type.
3. Ensure electrical connections and mountings are correct before energizing the circuit.
4. SPD's quality is well controlled and strictly inspected before delivery. If non-functional ones are found during operation, please contact us early enough.

SPD

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SPD Connected to LV Power Supply System

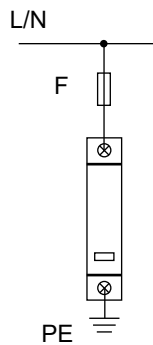


- AC / DC Power System
- New Energy
- Residential Building
- Telecommunications
- Distribution System

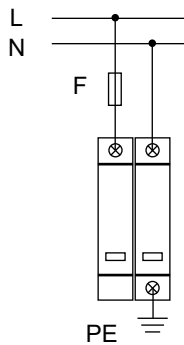
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Wiring Diagram

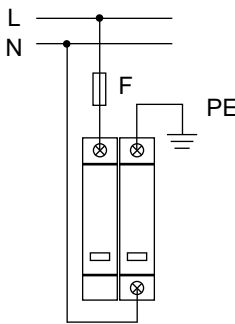
Single phase system



"1+0"
Connection

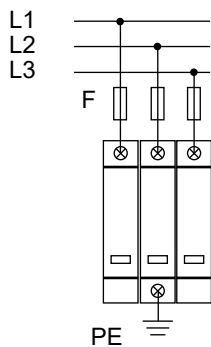


"2+0"
Connection

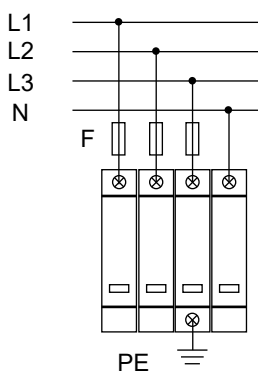


"1+1"
Connection

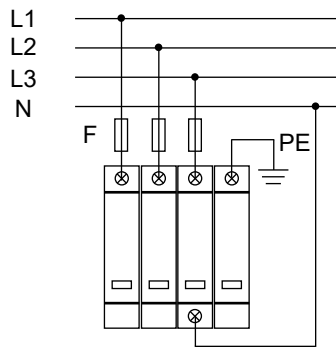
Three phase system



"3+0"
Connection

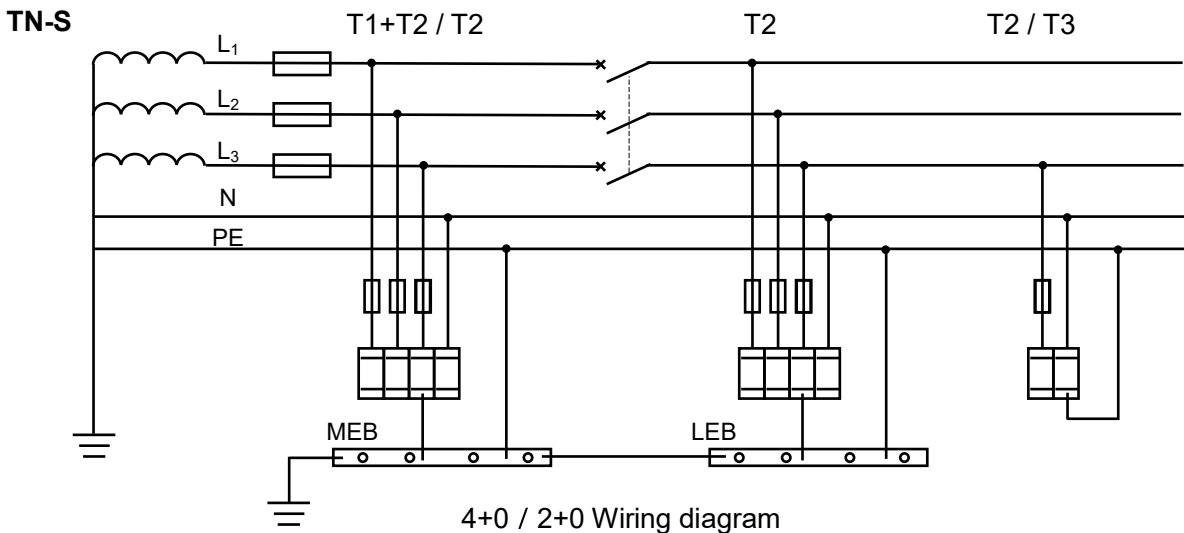


"4+0"
Connection

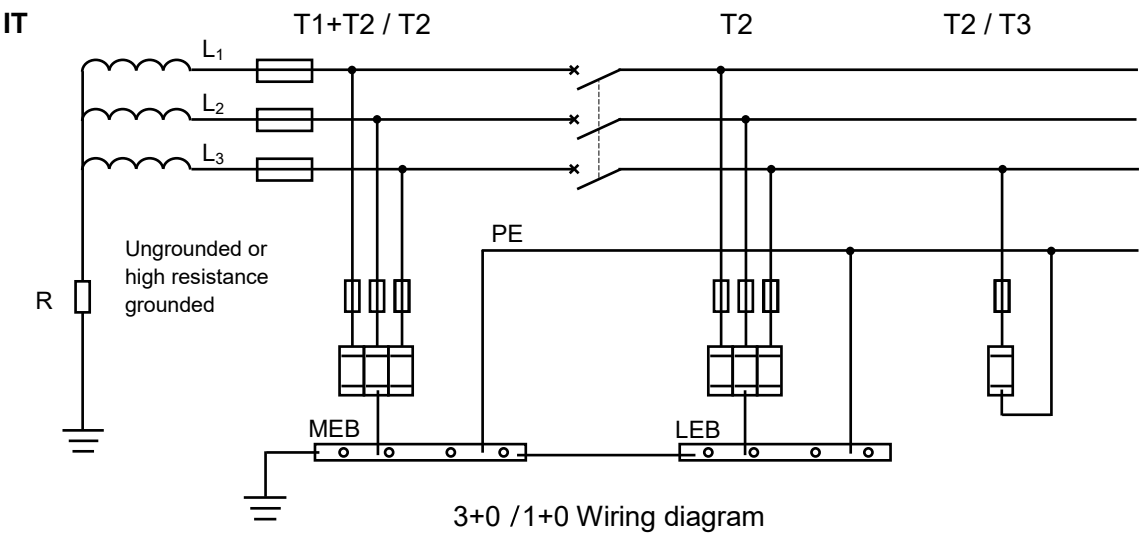
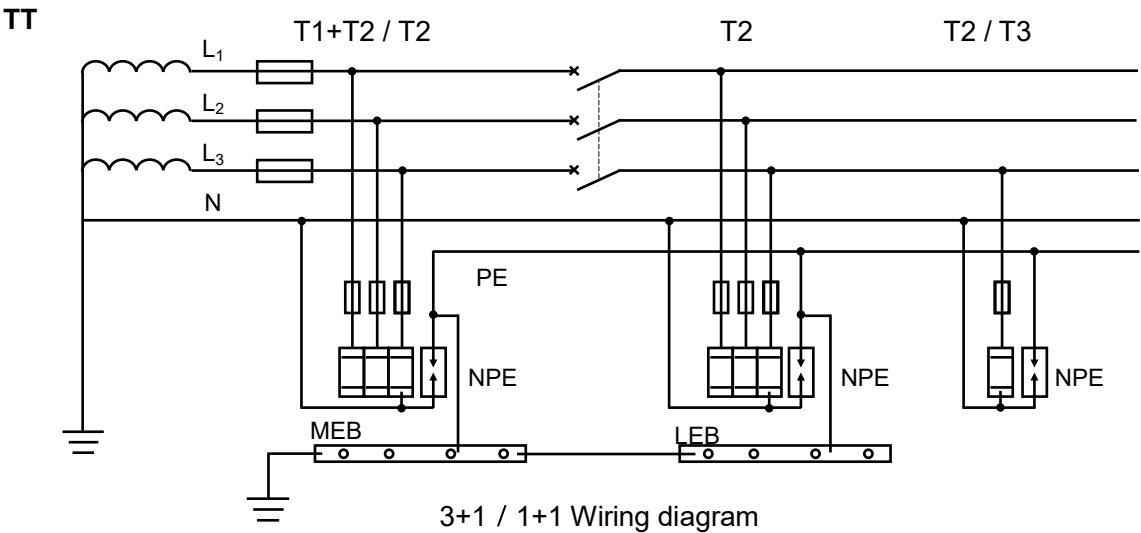
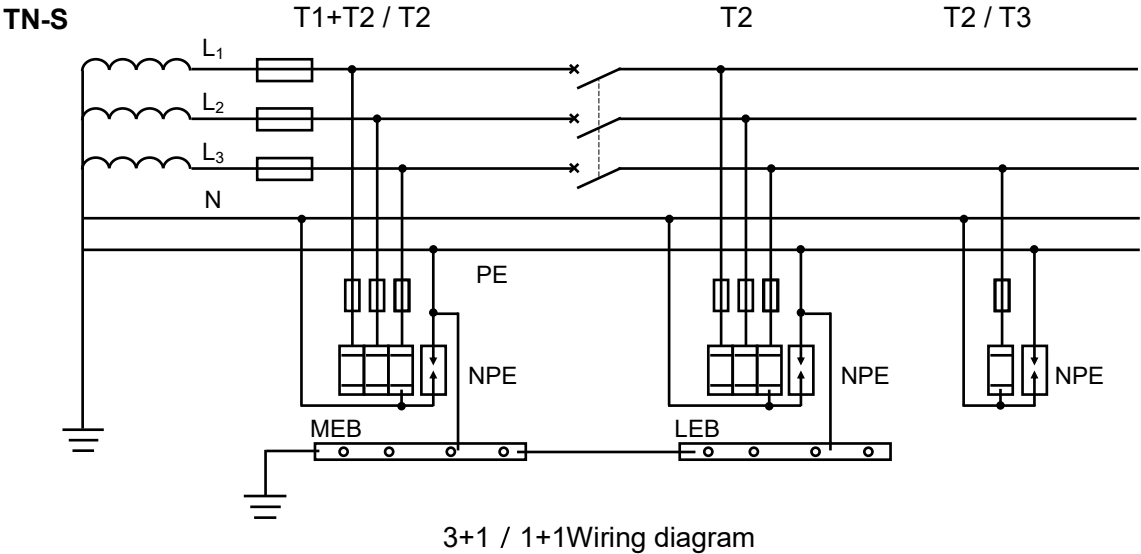


"3+1"
Connection

Connection of SPD in networks



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Features (SD25T)

Comply with UL 1449, IEC/EN 61643-11

Pluggable Module
Easy for replacement

Remote Signaling

Optional in all ranges, for remote signaling of modular end of life



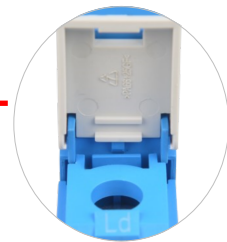
Failure Indication

Visual indication of life status of the protection device



Clasp and Modular Locking Mechanism Design

The pluggable module is fasten and reliable, no vibration influence
Only open the clasp when replacing the module and wiring, to avoid touching the live parts under normal operation;

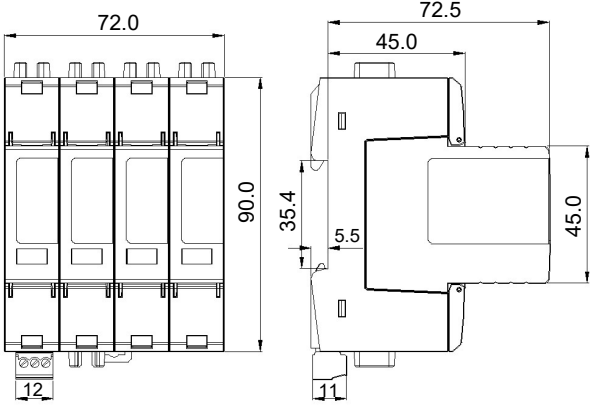


Specifications

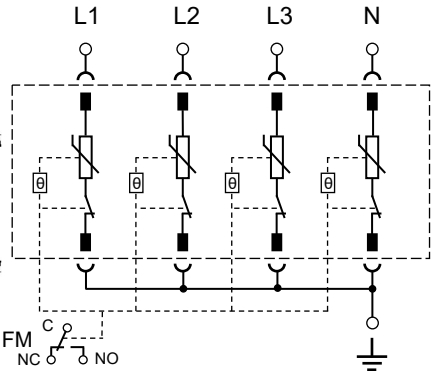
Features	Specifications
Degrees of Protection of enclosure	IP20
Wiring Ability	(1.5 to 25) mm ² (Flexible) / 35 mm ² (Rigid)
Installation	35 mm DIN rail
Alarm	Remote + Indicator
Operating State / Fault Indication	Green / Red
Remote Indication Contacts	AC: 250 V / 0.5 A, 125 V / 1 A DC: 250 V / 0.1 A, 125 V / 0.2 A, 75 A / 0.5 A
Cross-section of Remote Indication Conductors	1.5 mm
Max. Main-side Overcurrent Protection	125 A gL/gG
Short Current Rating I_{SCCR}	25 kA
According to Standard	UL 1449, EN 61643-11
Altitude	0 ~ 5000 m
Operational Temperature Range	(-40 to 85) °C



Dimensions (mm)



Schematics



- For AC Three-phase System
- Class I and Class II SPD
- Over-temperature Protection, Overcurrent Protection, High Reliability

Specifications

Model	Nominal System Voltage (U_n)	Max. Continuous Operating Voltage (U_c)	Impulse Discharge Current (10/350 μ s) (I_{imp})	Nominal Discharge Current (8/20 μ s) (I_n)	Max. Discharge Current (8/20 μ s) (I_{max})	Voltage Protection Level (U_p)	Modes of Protection	SPD Type
SD25T150L405	120 / 208 VAC	150 VAC	12.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	1.0 kV	4+0 (L - PE, N - PE)	T1+T2
SD25T175L405	120 / 208 VAC	175 VAC	12.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	1.3 kV		
SD25T275L405	220 / 380 VAC	275 VAC	12.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	1.5 kV		
SD25T320L405	230 / 400 VAC	320 VAC	11.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	1.8 kV		
SD25T385L405	277 / 480 VAC	385 VAC	11 kA	25 kA	50 kA	2.0 kV		
SD25T440L405	277 / 480 VAC	440 VAC	10 kA	25 kA	50 kA	2.1 kV		
SD25T510L405	347 / 600 VAC	510 VAC	7.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	2.5 kV		
SD25T550L405	400 / 690 VAC	550 VAC	7.5 kA	25 kA	50 kA	2.8 kV		
SD25T680L405	400 / 690 VAC	680 VAC	5.0 kA	25 kA	50 kA	3.2 kV		